

CITIGROUP INC.
CORPORATE GOVERNANCE GUIDELINES
As of January 21, 2021

Corporate Governance Mission

Citigroup Inc. (“Citi”) aspires to the highest standards of corporate governance and ethical conduct: doing what we say; reporting results with accuracy and transparency; and maintaining full compliance with the laws, rules and regulations that govern Citi’s businesses.

Board of Directors

The Board of Directors’ primary responsibility is to provide effective governance over Citi’s affairs for the benefit of its stockholders, and to consider the interests of its diverse constituencies around the world, including its customers, employees, suppliers and local communities. In all actions taken by the Board, the Directors are expected to exercise their business judgment in what they reasonably believe to be the best interests of Citi. In discharging that obligation, Directors may rely on the honesty and integrity of Citi’s senior executives and its outside advisors and auditors.

Number and Selection of Board Members

The Board has the authority under the by-laws to set the number of Directors, which should be in the range of 13 to 19, with the flexibility to increase the number of members in order to accommodate the availability of an outstanding candidate or the Board’s changing needs and circumstances. Candidates for the Board are recommended to the Board of Directors by the Nomination, Governance and Public Affairs Committee in accordance with the qualifications approved by the Board and set forth below, taking into consideration the overall composition and diversity of the Board and areas of expertise that new Board members might be able to offer. Directors are elected by the stockholders at each Annual Meeting by majority vote (other than in contested elections), to serve for a one-year term, which expires on the date of the next Annual Meeting. Between Annual Meetings, the Board may elect additional Directors to serve until the next Annual Meeting. The Nomination, Governance and Public Affairs Committee nominates annually one of the members of the Board to serve as Chair of the Board.

Confidential Voting Policy

It is Citi's policy that every stockholder shall have the right to require Citi to keep his or her vote confidential, whether submitted by proxy, ballot, internet voting, telephone voting or otherwise. If a stockholder elects, in connection with any decision to be voted on by stockholders at any Annual or Special Meeting, to keep his or her vote confidential, such vote shall be kept permanently confidential and shall not be disclosed to Citi, to its affiliates, Directors, officers and employees or to any third parties except: (a) as necessary to meet applicable legal requirements and to assert or defend claims for or against Citi, (b) in case of a contested proxy solicitation, (c) if a stockholder makes a written comment on the proxy card or otherwise communicates his or her vote to management, or (d) to allow the independent inspectors of election to certify the results of the vote. Employee stockholders in the Citigroup Common Stock Fund under the 401(k) plan or one of Citi's retirement, savings or employee stock ownership plans already enjoy confidential treatment as required by law and, without the need for any action on their parts, will continue to vote their shares confidentially.

Director Independence

At least two-thirds of the members of the Board should be independent. The Board has adopted the Director Independence Standards set forth in the attached Exhibit "A" to assist the Board in making the independence determination. The Director Independence Standards are intended to comply with the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") corporate governance rules and all other applicable laws, rules and regulations regarding director independence in effect from time to time. A Director shall qualify as independent for purposes of service on the Board of Citi and its Committees if the Board has determined that the Director has no material relationship with Citi, as defined in the Director Independence Standards.

Qualifications for Director Candidates

One of the Board's most important responsibilities is identifying, evaluating and selecting candidates for the Board of Directors. The Nomination, Governance and Public Affairs Committee reviews the qualifications of potential director candidates and makes recommendations to the whole Board. The factors considered by the Committee and the Board in its review of potential candidates include:

- Whether the candidate has exhibited behavior that indicates he or she is committed to the highest ethical standards.
- Whether the candidate has had business, governmental, non-profit or professional experience at the Chairman, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Operating Officer or equivalent policy-making and operational level of a large organization with significant international activities that indicates that the candidate will be able to make a meaningful and immediate contribution

to the Board's discussion of and decision-making on the array of complex issues facing a large financial services business that operates on a global scale.

- Whether the candidate has special skills, expertise and background that would complement the attributes of the existing Directors, taking into consideration the diverse communities and geographies in which Citi operates.
- Whether the candidate has the financial expertise required to provide effective oversight of a diversified financial services business that operates on a global scale.
- Whether the candidate has achieved prominence in his or her business, governmental or professional activities, and has built a reputation that demonstrates the ability to make the kind of important and sensitive judgments that the Board is called upon to make.
- Whether the candidate will effectively, consistently and appropriately take into account and balance the legitimate interests and concerns of all of Citi's stockholders and our other stakeholders in reaching decisions, rather than advancing the interests of a particular constituency.
- Whether the candidate possesses a willingness to challenge management while working constructively as part of a team in an environment of collegiality and trust.
- Whether the candidate will be able to devote sufficient time and energy to the performance of his or her duties as a Director.

Application of these factors involves the exercise of judgment by the Board.

Lead Director

Unless the Chair of the Board is an independent Director, the Board shall appoint a Lead Director whose responsibilities shall include: (i) presiding at all meetings of the Board at which the Chair is not present, including executive sessions of the independent Directors; (ii) serving as liaison between the Executive Chair and the independent Directors; (iii) approving information sent to the Board; (iv) approving meeting agendas for the Board; (v) approving meeting schedules to assure that there is sufficient time for discussion of all agenda items; (vi) having the authority to call meetings of the independent Directors; and (vii) if requested by major shareholders, ensuring that he or she is available for consultation and direct communication.

Any Lead Director appointed by the Board must satisfy the Director Independence Standards set forth in Exhibit A and the rules of the New York Stock Exchange.

Additional Board Service

The number of other for-profit public or non-public company boards on which a Director may serve shall be subject to review and approval by the Nomination, Governance and Public Affairs Committee, in order to ensure that each Director is able to devote sufficient time to perform his or her duties as a Director.

Members of the Audit Committee may not serve on more than three public company audit committees, including Citi's Audit Committee.

Interlocking Directorates

No inside Director or Executive Officer of Citigroup shall serve as a director of a company where a Citigroup outside Director is an Executive Officer.

Stock Ownership Commitment

The Board and certain senior executives of Citi are subject to a Stock Ownership Commitment ("SOC"), which requires these individuals to maintain a minimum ownership level of Citigroup stock. The Board may revise the terms of the SOC from time to time to reflect legal and business developments warranting a change. The terms of the current SOC will be reported in the proxy statement for Citi's Annual Meeting. Exceptions to the SOC may include estate-planning transactions and certain other circumstances.

Retirement from the Board/Term Limits

Directors may serve on the Board until the Annual Meeting of Citi next following their 72nd birthday, and may not be reelected after reaching age 72, unless this requirement has been waived by the Board for a valid reason. Citi has not adopted term limits for Directors.

Change in Status or Responsibilities

If a Director has a substantial change in professional responsibilities, occupation or business association he or she should notify the Nomination, Governance and Public Affairs Committee and offer his or her resignation from the Board. The Nomination, Governance and Public Affairs Committee will evaluate the facts and circumstances and make a recommendation to the Board whether to accept the resignation or request that the Director continue to serve on the Board.

If a Director assumes a significant role in a not-for-profit entity he or she should notify the Nomination, Governance and Public Affairs Committee.

Board Committees

The standing committees of the Board are the Executive Committee, the Audit Committee, the Ethics, Conduct and Culture Committee, the Personnel and Compensation Committee, the Nomination, Governance and Public Affairs Committee, the Operations and Technology Committee and the Risk Management Committee. All members of the Audit Committee, the Personnel and Compensation Committee and the Nomination, Governance and Public Affairs Committee shall meet the independence criteria, as determined by the Board, set forth in the NYSE corporate governance rules, and all other applicable laws, rules or regulations regarding director independence. Committee members shall be appointed by the Board upon recommendation of the Nomination, Governance and Public Affairs Committee, after consultation with the individual Directors. Committee chairs and members shall be rotated at the recommendation of the Nomination, Governance and Public Affairs Committee.

Each standing committee (other than the Executive Committee) shall have its own written charter which shall comply with the applicable NYSE corporate governance rules, and other applicable laws, rules and regulations. The charters shall set forth the mission and responsibilities of the committees as well as qualifications for committee membership, procedures for committee member appointment and removal, committee structure and operations and reporting to the Board.

The Chair of each committee, in consultation with the committee members, shall determine the frequency and length of the committee meetings consistent with any requirements set forth in the committee's charter. The Chair of each committee, in consultation with the appropriate members of the committee and senior management, shall develop the committee's agenda. At the beginning of the year, each committee shall establish a schedule of major topics to be discussed during the year (to the degree these can be foreseen). The agenda for each committee meeting shall be furnished to all Directors in advance of the meeting, and each independent Director may attend any meeting of any committee, whether or not he or she is a member of that committee.

The Board and each committee shall have the power to hire and fire independent legal, financial or other advisors as they may deem necessary, without consulting or obtaining the prior approval of Citi's senior management .

The Board may, from time to time, establish or maintain additional committees as necessary or appropriate.

Evaluation of Board Performance

The Nomination, Governance and Public Affairs Committee shall conduct an annual review of Board performance, in accordance with guidelines recommended by the Committee and approved by the Board. This review shall include an overview of the talent base of the Board as a whole as well as an individual assessment of each outside Director's qualification as independent under the NYSE corporate governance rules and all other applicable laws, rules and regulations regarding director independence; consideration of any changes in a Director's responsibilities that may have occurred since the Director was first elected to the Board; and such other factors as may be determined by the Committee to be appropriate for review. Each of the standing committees (except the Executive Committee) shall conduct an annual evaluation of its own performance as provided in its charter. The results of the Board and committee evaluations shall be summarized and presented to the Board.

Attendance at Meetings

Directors are expected to attend Citi's Annual Meeting of Stockholders, Board meetings and meetings of committees on which they serve, and to spend the time needed and meet as frequently as necessary to properly discharge their responsibilities. Information and materials that are important to the Board's understanding of the business to be conducted at a Board or committee meeting should be distributed to the Directors prior to the meeting, in order to provide time for review. The Chair should establish a calendar of standard agenda items to be discussed at each meeting scheduled to be held over the course of the ensuing year, and, together with the Lead Director, if any, shall establish the agenda for each Board meeting. Any Board member may suggest items for inclusion on the agenda or may raise subjects that are not on the agenda for that meeting.

Executive Sessions

The non-management Directors shall meet in executive session at each regularly scheduled Board meeting, and the independent Directors shall meet in executive session at least once during each calendar year. The Chair shall preside at these executive sessions, unless he or she is an Executive Chair, in which case the Lead Director or, if Citi does not have a Lead Director, an independent Director shall preside.

Annual Strategic Review

The Board shall review Citi's long-term strategic plans and the principal issues that it expects Citi may face in the future during, or in conjunction with, at least one Board meeting each year.

Communications

The Board believes that senior management speaks for Citi. Individual Board members may, from time to time, meet or otherwise communicate with various constituencies that are involved with Citi, at the request of the Board or senior management.

Stockholders or other interested parties who wish to communicate with a member or members of the board of directors, including the Chair or the non-management directors as a group, may do so by addressing their correspondence to the board member or members, c/o the Corporate Secretary, Citigroup Inc., 388 Greenwich Street, New York, NY 10013. The board of directors has approved a process pursuant to which the office of the Corporate Secretary will review and forward correspondence to the appropriate person or persons for response.

Director Access to Senior Management

Directors shall have full and free access to senior management. Directors are requested to arrange such meetings through the Corporate Secretary. The Board welcomes regular attendance at each Board meeting by Citi's senior management. If the CEO wishes to have additional Citi personnel attendees on a regular basis, this suggestion should be brought to the Board for approval.

Director Compensation

The form and amount of director compensation is determined by the Board based upon the recommendation of the Nomination, Governance and Public Affairs Committee. The Nomination, Governance and Public Affairs Committee shall conduct an annual review of director compensation. Directors who are Citi employees shall not receive any compensation for their services as Directors. Directors who are not Citi employees may not enter into any consulting arrangements with Citi without the prior approval of the Nomination, Governance and Public Affairs Committee. Directors who serve on the Audit Committee shall not directly or indirectly provide or receive compensation for providing accounting, consulting, legal, investment banking or financial advisory services to Citi.

Charitable Contributions

If a Director, or an Immediate Family Member of a Director (see page 16 for definition) who shares the Director's household, serves as a director, trustee or executive officer of a foundation, university or other non-profit organization ("Charitable Organization") and such Charitable Organization receives contributions from Citi and/or the Citi Foundation, such contributions will be reported to the Nomination, Governance and Public Affairs Committee at least annually.

In addition, Citi shall disclose in its proxy statement whether the aggregate contributions of Citi and the Citi Foundation to any Charitable Organization in which any independent Director serves as an executive officer exceed the greater of \$1 million or 2% of such Charitable Organization's consolidated gross revenue for any single fiscal year within the preceding three years.

Director Orientation and Continuing Education

Citi shall provide an orientation program for new Directors which shall include presentations by senior management on Citi's strategic plans, its significant financial, accounting and risk management issues, its compliance programs, its Code of Conduct, its management structure and Executive Officers and its internal and independent auditors. The orientation program may also include visits to certain of Citi's significant facilities, to the extent practical. Citi shall also make available continuing education programs for all members of the Board. All Directors are invited to participate in the orientation and continuing education programs.

CEO Performance

The Personnel and Compensation Committee shall conduct an annual review of the CEO's performance, as set forth in its charter. The Board of Directors shall review the Personnel and Compensation Committee's report in order to ensure that the CEO is providing the best leadership for Citi in the long and short term.

Succession Planning

The Nomination, Governance and Public Affairs Committee shall make an annual report to the Board on succession planning. The entire Board shall work with the Nomination, Governance and Public Affairs Committee to evaluate potential successors to the CEO. The CEO shall meet periodically with the Nomination, Governance and Public Affairs Committee in order to make available his or her recommendations and evaluations of potential successors, along with a review of any development plans recommended for such individuals.

Code of Conduct and Code of Ethics for Financial Professionals

Citi has adopted a Code of Conduct and other internal policies and guidelines designed to support the mission statement set forth above and to comply with the laws, rules and regulations that govern Citi's business operations. The Code of Conduct applies to all employees of Citi and its subsidiaries, as well as to Directors, temporary workers and other independent contractors and consultants when engaged by or otherwise representing Citi and its interests. In addition, Citi has adopted a Code of Ethics for Financial Professionals, which applies to the principal executive officers of Citi and its reporting subsidiaries and all professionals worldwide serving in a finance, accounting, treasury, tax or investor relations role. The Ethics and Culture Committee shall receive reports regarding compliance with

the Code of Conduct, the Code of Ethics for Financial Professionals and other internal policies and guidelines.

Recoupment of Unearned Compensation and Other Recoupment Rights

If the Board learns of any misconduct by an Executive Officer that contributed to Citi having to restate all or a portion of its financial statements, it shall take such action as it deems necessary to remedy the misconduct, prevent its recurrence and, if appropriate, based on all relevant facts and circumstances, punish the wrongdoer in a manner it deems appropriate. In determining what remedies to pursue, the Board shall take into account all relevant factors, including whether the restatement was the result of negligent, intentional or gross misconduct. The Board will, to the full extent permitted by governing law, in all appropriate cases, require reimbursement of any bonus or incentive compensation awarded to an Executive Officer or effect the cancellation of unvested restricted or deferred stock awards previously granted to the Executive Officer if: a) the amount of the bonus or incentive compensation was calculated based upon the achievement of certain financial results that were subsequently the subject of a restatement, b) the executive engaged in intentional misconduct that caused or partially caused the need for the restatement, and c) the amount of the bonus or incentive compensation that would have been awarded to the executive had the financial results been properly reported would have been lower than the amount actually awarded. In addition, the Board could dismiss the Executive Officer, authorize legal action for breach of fiduciary duty or take such other action to enforce the executive's obligations to Citigroup as may fit the facts surrounding the particular case. The Board may, in determining the appropriate punishment factor take into account penalties or punishments imposed by third parties, such as law enforcement agencies, regulators or other authorities. The Board's power to determine the appropriate punishment for the wrongdoer is in addition to, and not in replacement of, remedies imposed by such entities.

In accordance with regulatory requirements and developing best practices, Citi has adopted a number of additional requirements for the recoupment of compensation from certain employees in specified circumstances. Citi may adopt additional such provisions in the future or amend existing requirements as required by law or regulation or in accordance with best practices. A description of each such material requirement will appear in Citi's annual Proxy Statement in the Compensation Discussion and Analysis.

For the purposes of this Guideline, "Executive Officer" means any officer who has been designated an executive officer by the Board.

Insider Transactions

Citi does not generally purchase Citi common stock from employees (except in connection with the routine administration of employee stock option and other equity compensation programs). Directors and Executive Officers may not trade shares of Citi common stock during an administrative “blackout” period affecting Citi’s 401(k) plan or pension plan pursuant to which a majority of Citi’s employees are restricted from trading shares of Citi common stock or transferring funds into or out of Citi common stock fund, subject to any legal or regulatory restrictions and the terms of Citi’s Personal Trading Policy. Directors and Executive Officers may not enter into hedging transactions in respect of Citi’s common stock or other securities issued by Citi (“Citi Securities”), including securities granted by Citi to the Director or Executive Officer as part of his or her compensation and securities purchased or acquired by the Director or Executive Officer in a non-compensatory transaction. Hedges of Citi Securities in existence at the time a person becomes a Director or an Executive Officer will be reviewed by the Nomination, Governance and Public Affairs Committee, which may direct that the hedge be eliminated.

Stock Options

Citi prohibits the repricing of stock options. All new equity compensation plans and material revisions to such plans shall be submitted to stockholders for approval.

Financial Services

To the extent ordinary course services, including brokerage services, banking services, loans, insurance services and other financial services, provided by Citi to any Director or Immediate Family Member of a Director, are not otherwise specifically prohibited under these Corporate Governance Guidelines or other policies of Citi, or by law or regulation, such services shall be provided on substantially the same terms as those prevailing at the time for comparable services provided to non-affiliates.

Personal Loans

Personal loans may be made or maintained by Citi to a Director or an Executive Officer (designated as such pursuant to Section 16 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934), or an Immediate Family Member who shares such person’s household, only if the loan: (a) is made in the ordinary course of business of Citi or one of its subsidiaries, is of a type that is generally made available to the public, and is on market terms, or terms that are no more favorable than those offered to the general public; (b) complies with applicable law, including the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and Regulation O of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve; (c) when made does not involve more than the normal risk of collectibility or present other unfavorable features; and (d) is not classified by Citi as Substandard (II) or worse,

as defined by the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency (OCC) in its “Rating Credit Risk” Comptroller’s Handbook.

Directors and Executive Officers may not pledge Citi Securities (as defined in Insider Transactions) as collateral for a loan, either from Citi or from an unaffiliated lender. Pledges of Citi Securities in existence at the time a person becomes a Director or an Executive Officer will be reviewed by the Nomination, Governance and Public Affairs Committee, which may direct that the pledge be eliminated.

Investments/Transactions

All Related Party Transactions (see page 16 for definition) shall comply with the procedures outlined in Citi’s Policy on Related Party Transactions. Transactions (i) involving a Director (or an Immediate Family Member of a Director) or, (ii) if equal to or in excess of \$50 million and involving an Executive Officer (or an Immediate Family Member of an Executive Officer) shall require the approval of the Nomination, Governance and Public Affairs Committee of the Board. Transactions involving an Executive Officer (or an Immediate Family Member of an Executive Officer) valued at less than \$50 million shall require the approval of the Transaction Review Committee.

Citi, its Executive Officers and any Immediate Family Member who shares an Executive Officer’s household, individually or in combination, shall not make any investment in a partnership or other privately held entity in which a Director is a principal or in a publicly traded company in which a Director owns or controls more than a 10% interest.

Except as otherwise provided by this section, a Director or Immediate Family Member of a Director may participate in ordinary course investment opportunities or partnerships offered or sponsored by Citi only on substantially similar terms as those for comparable transactions with similarly situated non-affiliated persons.

Executive Officers and Immediate Family Members who share an Executive Officer’s household may not invest in partnerships or other investment opportunities sponsored, or otherwise made available, by Citi unless their participation is approved in accordance with these Guidelines. Such approval shall not be required if the investment opportunity: (i) is offered to qualified employees and investment by Executive Officers is approved by the Personnel and Compensation Committee; (ii) is made available to an Executive Officer actively involved in a business unit, the principal activity of which is to make such investments on behalf of Citi, and is offered pursuant to a co-investment plan approved by the Personnel and Compensation Committee; or (iii) is offered to Executive Officers on the same terms as those offered to qualified persons who are not employees of Citi.

Except with the approval of the Nomination, Governance and Public Affairs Committee, no Director or Executive Officer may invest in a third-party entity if the

investment opportunity is made available to him or her as a result of such individual's status as, respectively, a Director or an Executive Officer of Citi.

No Director or Immediate Family Member who shares a Director's household shall receive an IPO allocation from a broker/dealer, including broker/dealers not affiliated with Citi.

Indemnification

Citi provides reasonable directors' and officers' liability insurance for the Directors and shall indemnify the Directors to the fullest extent permitted by law and Citi's certificate of incorporation and by-laws.

Amendments

The Board may amend these Corporate Governance Guidelines, or grant waivers in exceptional circumstances, provided that any such modification or waiver may not be a violation of any applicable law, rule or regulation and further provided that any such modification or waiver is appropriately disclosed.

Exhibit “A” To Corporate Governance Guidelines Director Independence Standards

Introduction

A Director shall qualify as independent for purposes of service on the Board of Citi and its committees if the Board has determined that the Director has no material relationship with Citi, either directly or as an officer, partner or employee of an organization that has a relationship with Citi. A Director shall be deemed to have no material relationship with Citi and will qualify as independent provided that (a) the Director meets the Director Independence Standards set forth below and (b) if there exists any relationship or transaction of a type not specifically mentioned in the Director Independence Standards, the Board, taking into account all relevant facts and circumstances, determines that the existence of such other relationship or transaction is not material and would not impair the Director’s exercise of independent judgment.

These Director Independence Standards have been drafted to incorporate the independence requirements contained in the NYSE corporate governance rules and all other applicable laws, rules and regulations in effect from time to time and are intended to supplement the provisions contained in the Corporate Governance Guidelines. A fundamental premise of the Director Independence Standards is that any permitted transactions between Citi (including its subsidiaries and affiliates) and a Director, any Immediate Family Member of a Director or their respective Primary Business Affiliations (see page 16 for definition) shall be on arms-length, market terms.

Independence Standards

To be considered independent, a Director must meet the following categorical standards.

Advisory, Consulting and Employment Arrangements

During any 12 month period within the last three years, neither a Director nor any Immediate Family Member of a Director shall have received more than \$120,000 in direct compensation from Citi, other than amounts paid (a) pursuant to Citi’s Amended and Restated Compensation Plan for Non-Employee Directors, (b) pursuant to a pension or other form of deferred compensation for prior service (provided such compensation is not contingent in any way on continued service) or (c) to an Immediate Family Member of a Director who is a non-executive employee of Citi or one of its subsidiaries.

In addition, no member of the Audit Committee may accept a direct or indirect consulting, advisory or other compensatory fee from Citi or one of its subsidiaries, other than (a) fees for service as a member of the Board of Directors of Citi or one of its subsidiaries (including committees thereof) or (b) receipt of fixed amounts of

compensation under a Citi retirement plan, including deferred compensation, for prior service with Citi, provided that such compensation is not contingent in any way on continued service.

Business Relationships

All business relationships, lending relationships, deposit and other banking relationships between Citi and a Director's Primary Business Affiliation or the Primary Business Affiliation of an Immediate Family Member of a Director must be made in the ordinary course of business and on substantially the same terms as those prevailing at the time for comparable transactions with non-affiliated persons.

In addition, the aggregate amount of payments for property or services in any of the last three fiscal years by Citi to, and to Citi from, any company of which a Director is an Executive Officer or employee or where an Immediate Family Member of a Director is an Executive Officer, must not exceed the greater of \$1 million or 2% of such other company's consolidated gross revenues in any single fiscal year.

Loans may be made or maintained by Citi to a Director's Primary Business Affiliation or the Primary Business Affiliation of an Immediate Family Member of a Director, only if the loan: (a) is made in the ordinary course of business of Citi or one of its subsidiaries, is of a type that is generally made available to other customers, and is on market terms, or terms that are no more favorable than those offered to other customers; (b) complies with applicable law, including the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, Regulation O of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve, and the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) Guidelines; (c) when made does not involve more than the normal risk of collectibility or present other unfavorable features; and (d) is not classified by Citi as Substandard (II) or worse, as defined by the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency (OCC) in its "Rating Credit Risk" Comptroller's Handbook.

Charitable Contributions

Annual contributions in any of the last three calendar years from Citi and/or the Citi Foundation to a Charitable Organization of which a Director, or an Immediate Family Member who shares the Director's household, serves as a director, trustee or executive officer (other than the Citigroup Foundation and other Charitable Organizations sponsored by Citi) may not exceed the greater of \$250,000 or 10% of the Charitable Organization's annual consolidated gross revenue.

Employment/Affiliations

A Director shall not:

- (i) be or have been an employee of Citi within the last three years;

(ii) be part of, or within the past three years have been part of, an interlocking directorate in which a current Executive Officer of Citi serves or has served on the compensation committee of a company that concurrently employs or employed the Director as an Executive Officer; or

(iii) be or have been affiliated with or employed by (a) Citi's present or former primary outside auditor or (b) any other outside auditor of Citi and personally worked on Citi's audit, in each case within the three-year period following the auditing relationship.

A Director may not have an Immediate Family Member who:

(i) is an Executive Officer of Citi or has been within the last three years;

(ii) is, or within the past three years has been, part of an interlocking directorate in which a current Executive Officer of Citi serves or has served on the compensation committee of a company that concurrently employs or employed such Immediate Family Member as an Executive Officer; or

(iii) (A) is a current partner of Citi's primary outside auditor, or a current employee of Citi's primary outside auditor and personally works on Citi's audit, or (B) was within the last three years (but is no longer) a partner or employee of Citi's primary auditor and personally worked on Citi's audit within that time.

Immaterial Relationships and Transactions

The Board may determine that a Director is independent notwithstanding the existence of an immaterial relationship or transaction between Citi and (i) the Director, (ii) an Immediate Family Member of the Director or (iii) the Director's or Immediate Family Member's business or charitable affiliations, provided Citi's Proxy Statement includes a specific description of such relationship as well as the basis for the Board's determination that such relationship does not preclude a determination that the Director is independent. Relationships or transactions between Citi and (i) the Director, (ii) an Immediate Family Member of the Director or (iii) the Director's or Immediate Family Member's business or charitable affiliations that comply with the Corporate Governance Guidelines, including but not limited to the Director Independence Standards that are part of the Corporate Governance Guidelines and the sections titled Financial Services, Personal Loans and Investments/Transactions, are deemed to be categorically immaterial and do not require disclosure in the Proxy Statement (unless such relationship or transaction is required to be disclosed pursuant to Item 404 of SEC Regulation S-K).

Definitions

For purposes of these Corporate Governance Guidelines, (i) the term “Immediate Family Member” means a Director’s or Executive Officer’s (designated as such pursuant to Section 16 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) spouse, parents, step-parents, children, step-children, siblings, mother- and father-in law, sons- and daughters-in-law, and brothers and sisters-in-law and any person (other than a tenant or domestic employee) who shares the Director’s household; (ii) the term “Primary Business Affiliation” means an entity of which the Director or Executive Officer, or an Immediate Family Member of such a person, is an officer, partner or employee or in which the Director, Executive Officer or Immediate Family Member owns directly or indirectly at least a 5% equity interest; and (iii) the term “Related Party Transaction” means any financial transaction, arrangement or relationship in which (a) the aggregate amount involved will or may be expected to exceed \$120,000 in any fiscal year, (b) Citi is a participant, and (c) any Related Person (any Director, any Executive Officer of Citi, any nominee for director, any shareholder owning in excess of 5% of the total equity of Citi, and any Immediate Family Member of any such person) has or will have a direct or indirect material interest.